



**A weekly analysis of expected influences of cycles and planets on financial markets.** The analysis is regularly supplemented with timing tools by Gann, Bayer, Bradley, and others.



*Everything moves in cycles as a result of the natural law of action and reaction. By a study of the past, I have discovered what cycles repeat in the future . . . It is not my aim to explain the cause of cycles, the general public is not ready for it and probably would not understand or believe it if I explained it . . . everything works according to past cycles, and that history repeats itself in the lives of men, nations, and the stock market.*

*WD Gann*

**Weekly cyclical and astrological analysis for the period of  
11 – 15 January 2010**

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## Looking back on the past week: 21 December – 8 January

### *Indices*

In the latest December edition I wrote:

*Next week down to a low around 29–30 December. From the planet speed 27 December and XSpec 1 January.*

*After setting the low—and it can diverge a bit because of the holidays and low volume—we go up again.*

*The next higher point comes around about 7–8 January.*

The holiday deviation was clearly evident again during the holidays, as it is every year.

The Christmas week with its low volume did not show any downturn, but a considerable rise instead. The high came therefore a bit later. In trading days it was not much, but in calendar days quite a bit. The downturn in the direction of 29–30 December was exactly on time and fell on the 31 December–1 January point. After that we kept rising as expected in the direction of 7–8 January, where we are now.

During the first days, therefore, the expectation did not work out, but after that everything went exactly as expected. All in all we can be quite satisfied with the way things turned out, although trading in such a time period with low volume is always more troublesome.

Now this: In the past few weeks I have been working on a document with more information and explanation. In doing so, I looked at all the questions we received by e-mail in the past few months, and which have appeared on the forum. This document is a supplement to the Appendix, and since it has grown to 9 pages, it can be downloaded as a separate PDF supplement:

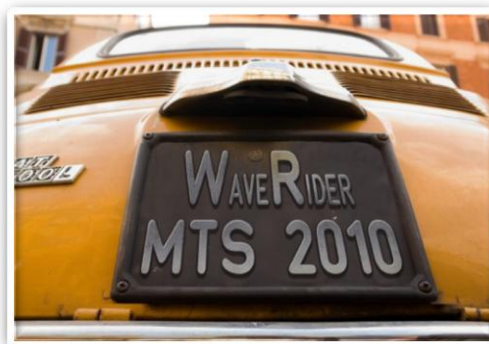
[www.ganntrader.org/WRsupplement.pdf](http://www.ganntrader.org/WRsupplement.pdf)

It also contains a link to the book:

<http://www.ganntrader.org/WWdelta.pdf>, which can also be downloaded, and which I recommend for your reading.

### *Commodities*

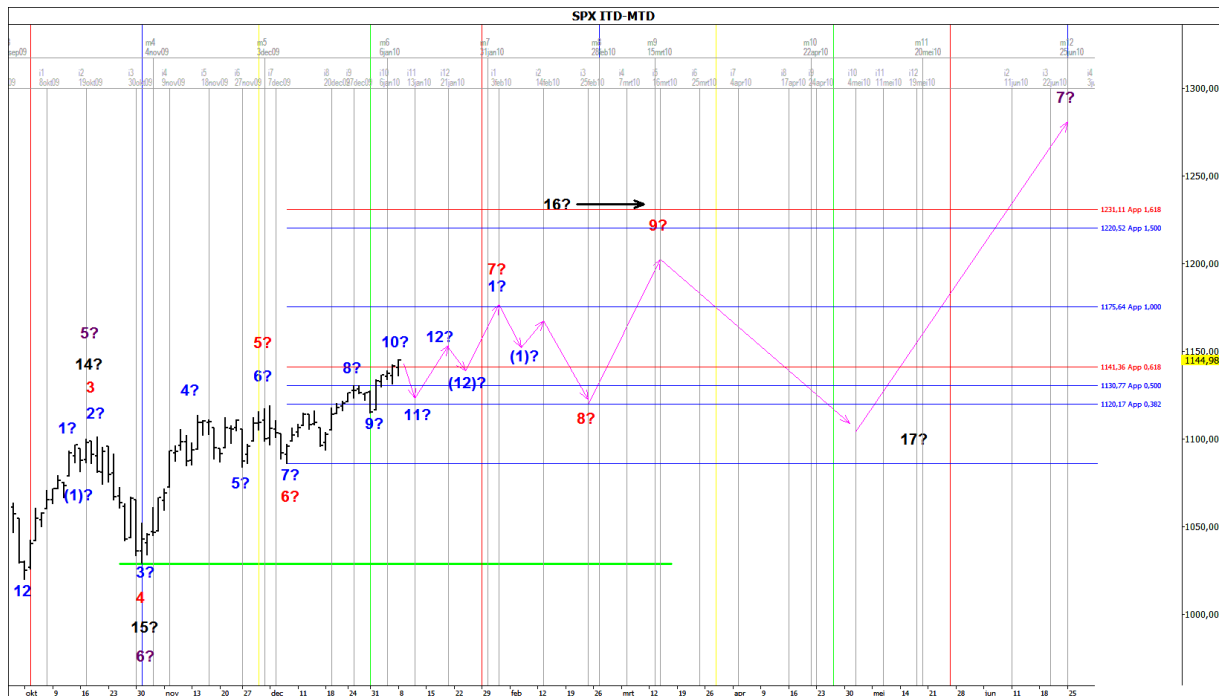
In Wheat an inversion has occurred in the ITD cycle, causing a reversal of the highs and lows. The turning points were pretty accurate. An extra time analysis for wheat has been added this week.



Soybeans did very well in and of themselves, but we'd probably better avoid them for the time being. Gold has set its low a few trading days later than expected, and rose beautifully afterward, as expected, and as a matter of fact is doing great.

## Delta Cycle Analysis

### S&P500



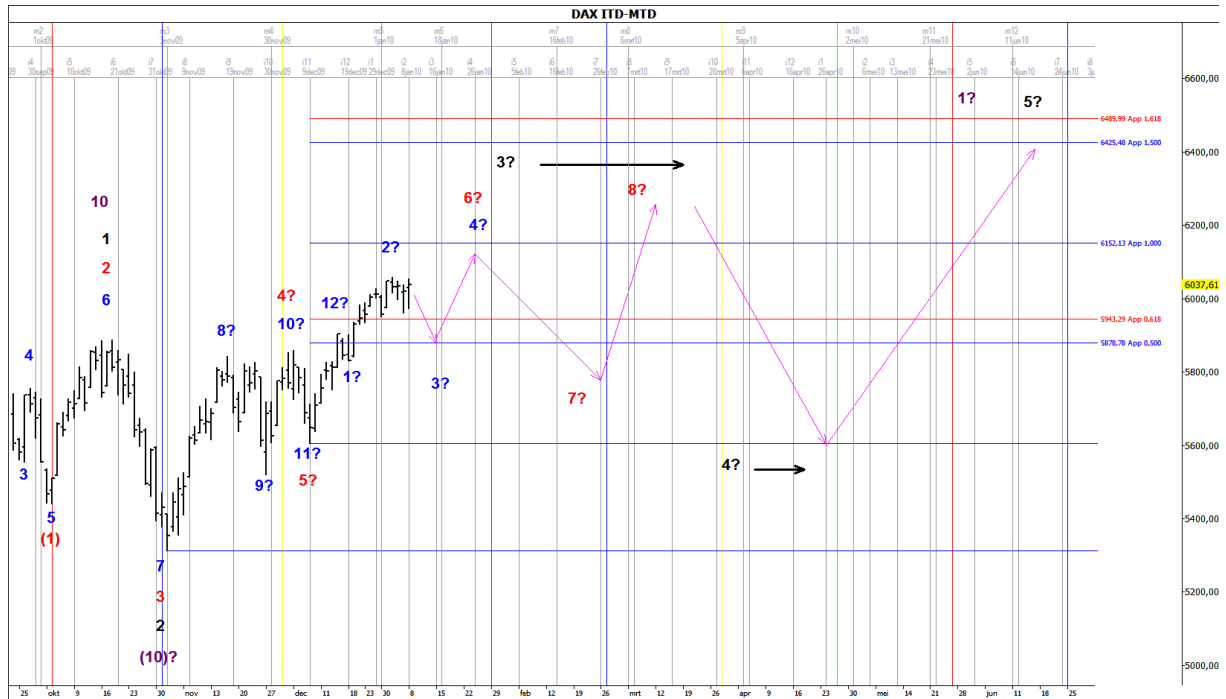
The **MTD6** has been set by the **ITD7**, since we rose above the **ITD6**. Theoretically, the **MTD5/6** could also have been placed together with the **ITD8/9**.

In any event, we are on the way to the higher **MTD7** by the beginning of February. The **ITD10**, which is calculated around 6–8 January, has been as good as rounded off. Other indexes have this high a bit later. We can go down to **ITD11** now, calculated about 13 January.

Only if we get below the light green line, will the **MLTD14-15/LTD5-6** be moved. We don't expect that anymore. For the longer term, the trend is upward from the **LTD6** to the **LTD7** about the end of June.

I expect a double inversion in the **ITD** cycle (already depicted) by the end of January/beginning February. As we get closer to it in time, we will get a better look at that.

## DAX

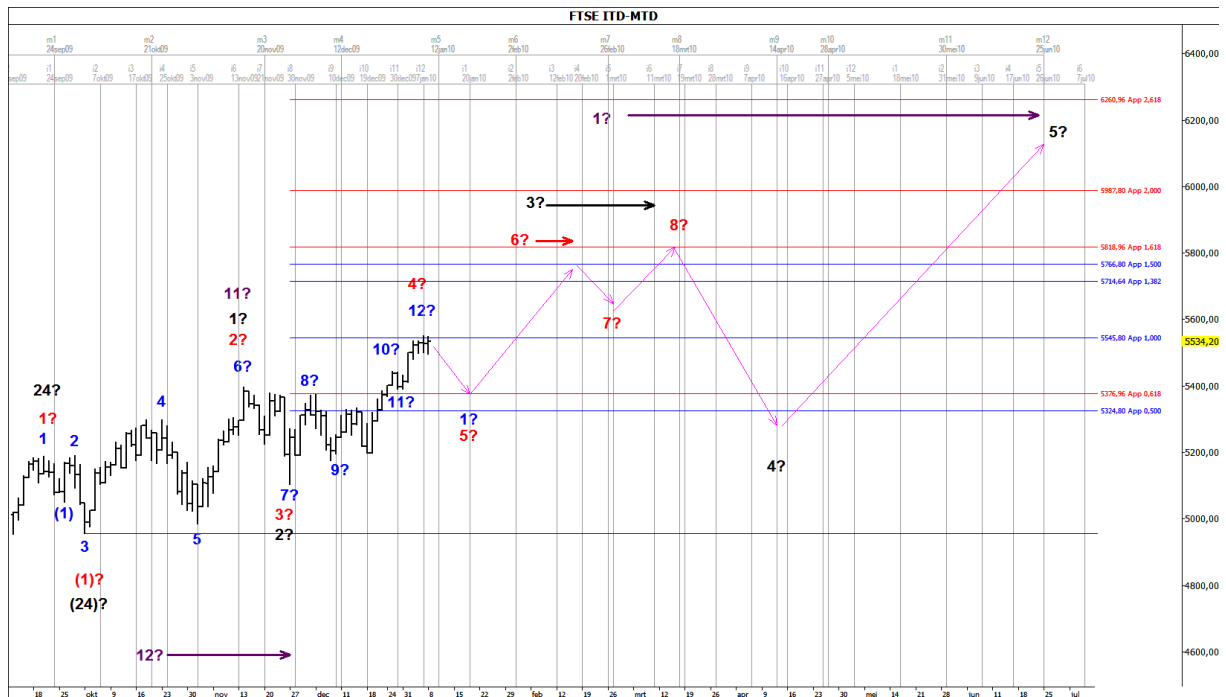


The DAX makes beautiful, higher highs and higher lows. We are now on the way to the higher **MTD6** and then to the even higher **MTD8/MLTD3**.

The **ITD** cycle may experience an inversion, and may add an extra **ITD(12)** and/or **ITD(1)** delta point, but I actually do not expect this, and it has not happened yet. It looks like the **ITD2** has been set on 5 January, or possibly next Monday. We may therefore anticipate the lower **ITD3** around 16 January. From there up again to the **ITD4/MTD6** about 26 January.

The long-term prognosis is up in the direction of the **LTD1**, via the **MLTD3** and **MLTD4**. The **LTD** has gone through an inversion in the DAX in May 2006 (a rare occurrence) and after October (another inversion) has picked up its old pace.

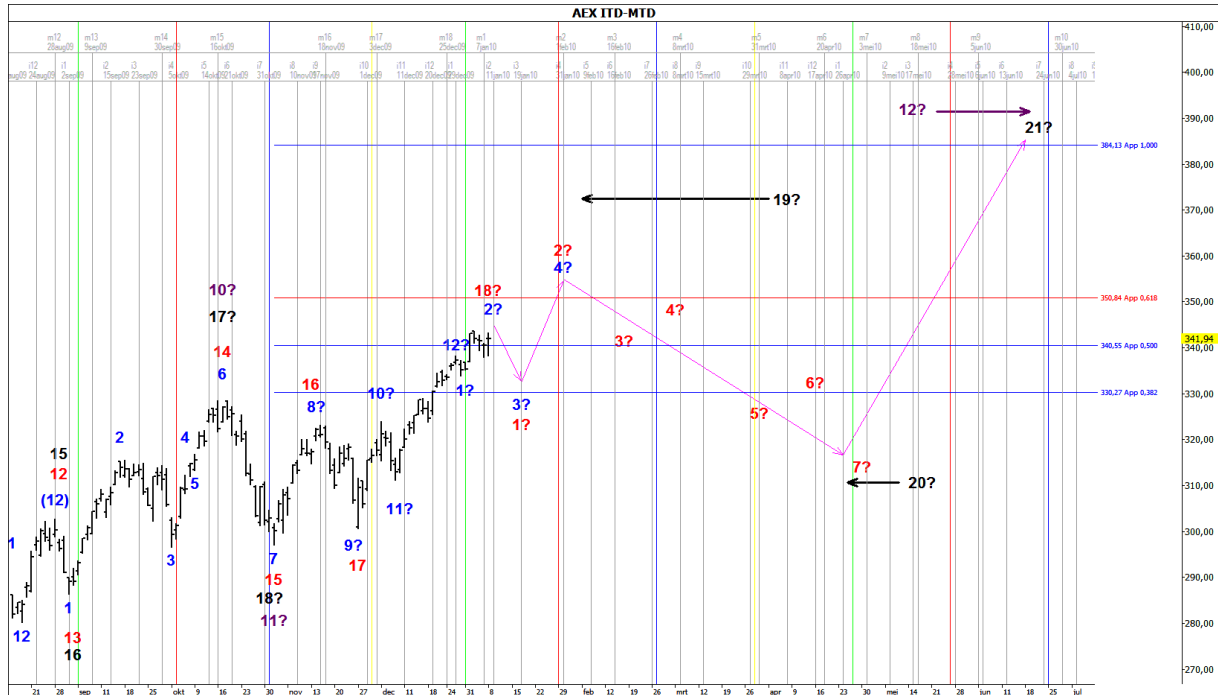
## FTSE 100



The FTSE100 is also in a rising trend from the **MLTD2** in the direction of the **MLTD3** around 16–19 March. I believe also that the **MTD4** is set on 7 January. After 3 higher highs/lows we can go down, possibly ending up below the **ITD11**. The downtrend may last until about 20 January (a little later than in the S&P500 and the DAX) and after that we can go on our way up in the direction of the **MTD6**.

After placement of the **LTD12** the long-term trend goes up to the **LTD1** around the end of June. The **LTD11/12** may also be set with the **MLTD24/(24)**, but that makes no difference in the forecast. It would if we ended up under the **MLTD2** or **MLTD(24)**, but that is not the case yet, and we don't expect it.

## AEX



The AEX has kept going up. Very nice, since we are underway to a higher **MLTD19**. You can see that the **ITD12** came late, and that the expected drop to the **ITD1** is minimal.

In all indexes we have kept going up, after the **ITD1** low that came a day later in the AEX on 30 December, to 8 January. In the AEX a high is expected on Friday 8 January or Monday 11 January. But whether we reach a higher high on Monday or not, after that we go down to the **ITD3** about 19 January.

According to Delta, the FTSE100 and the AEX will probably have this low a little later than the S&P500 and the DAX, which come on 13 and 16 January.

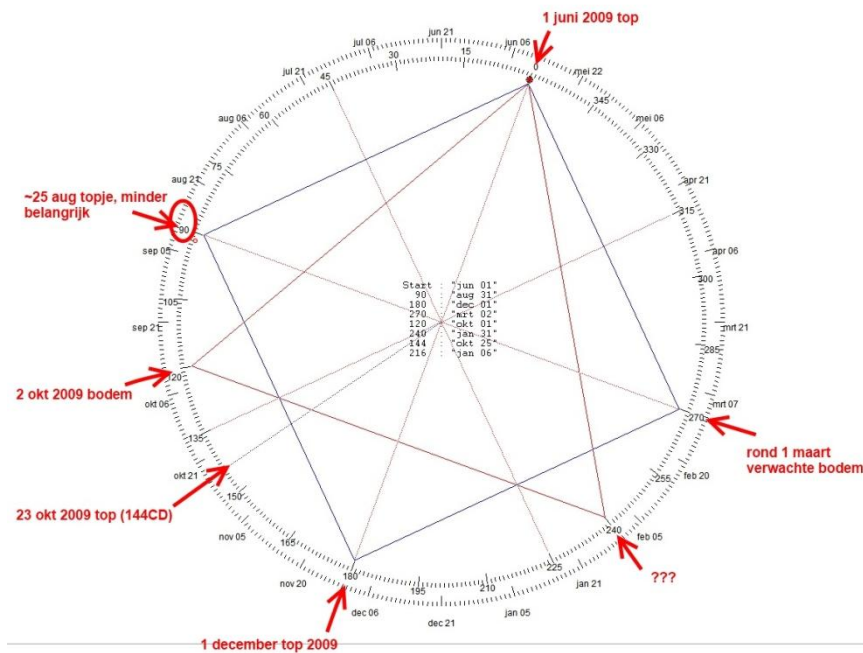
Because from the **MLTD18** we make 3 higher **MTD** highs/lows until the **MTD2**, we assume an **MLTD19** high that coincides with the **MTD2**. This would mean that the **MLTD** high comes earlier than calculated (see black arrow) and between 28 January and 15 February coincides with the calculated **MLTD** high in the other indexes.



## Extra time analysis for Wheat



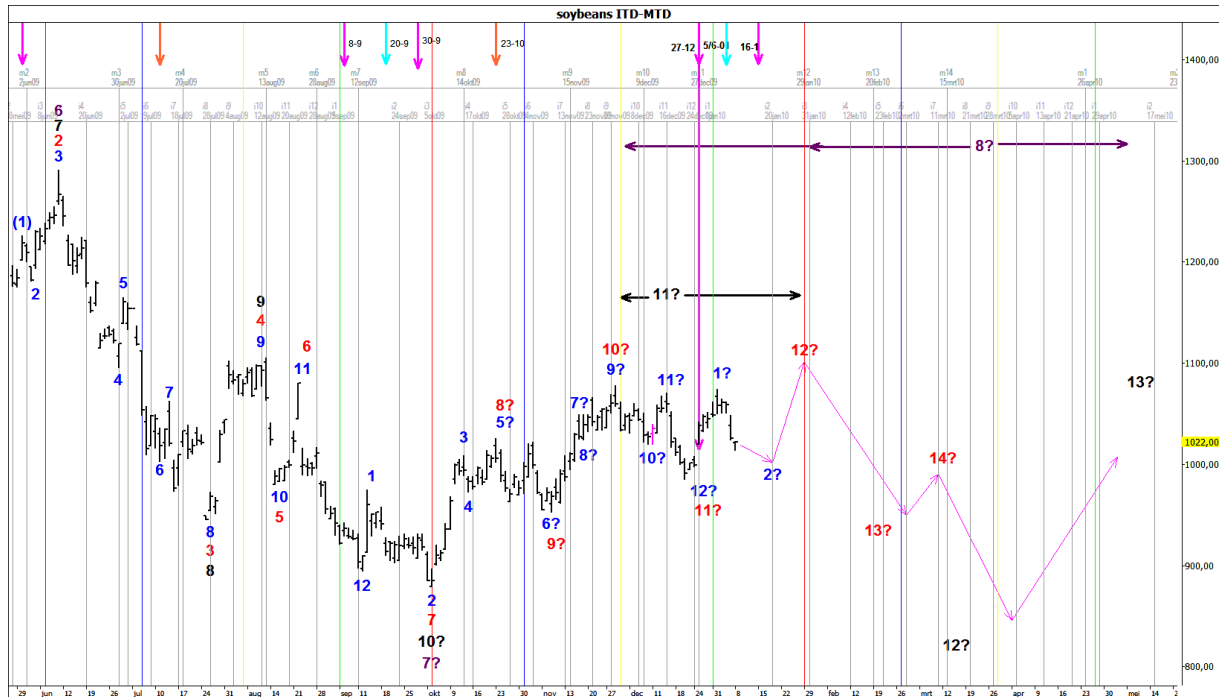
Above 5 periods of 90 calendar days (CD) which we have used before, with 31 August the special date. At this moment we are at a crossroads and possibly a high, but it could as well become 15 January (225 degrees).



According to the time relationships and fibonacci I expect a significant low about 1 March.

The Gann Wheel shows the latest highs/lows, in which 1 March forms a square with the June and December highs, and 30–31 August as the midpoint between these two highs, and 61,8% from the 6 January 2009 high to the 1 June 2009 high.

## Soybeans Delta (future March 2010)



On 28 December the soybeans future rolled over from the January to the March future, now working with March prices. Soybeans are at the moment the most unpredictable.

The upward movement of the down-pointing purple arrow through the **ITD1** went well and we are on the way to a lower **ITD2**. But it is better to wait for the next calculated **ITD** point around 20 January, also because an inversion may occur in the **ITD**, and because an extra **ITD(1)** may be situated between the **ITD1** and the **ITD2**. In that case the **ITD2** becomes a high instead of a low.

The seasonal trend for soybeans shows a frequent increase between mid-January and the end of February. This in contrast to wheat.

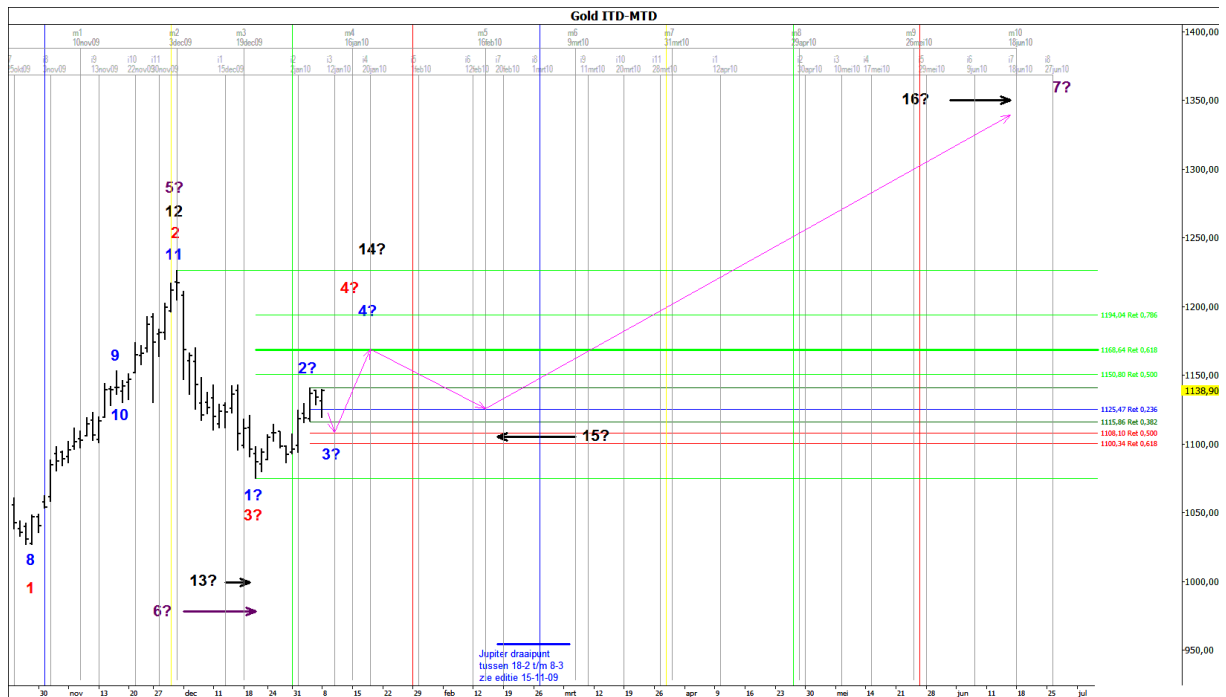
For now, therefore, avoid soybeans until we know if there is an inversion in the **ITD** cycle, and where the **MTD12** and **MLTD11** will be set.

Mercury affects grain prices. The arrows on top (pink-blue-pink) indicate the times when Mercury begins to run retrograde, as well as the exact midpoint in between.

The orange arrows indicate the times at which Mercury moves fastest.

We take note of these times, especially during highs and lows, or when exchange rate movement accelerates.

## Gold (COMEX) Delta



The expectation was that we would go even lower, calculating the **ITD1/MTD3** around 15–18 December. The first real low, however, came 2 trading days later.

After that, we went up nicely in the direction of the expected **MTD4/MLTD14**.

We can correct somewhat in the coming week to the ITD3 around 12 January, but the trend is upward toward the **MTD4/MLTD14**.

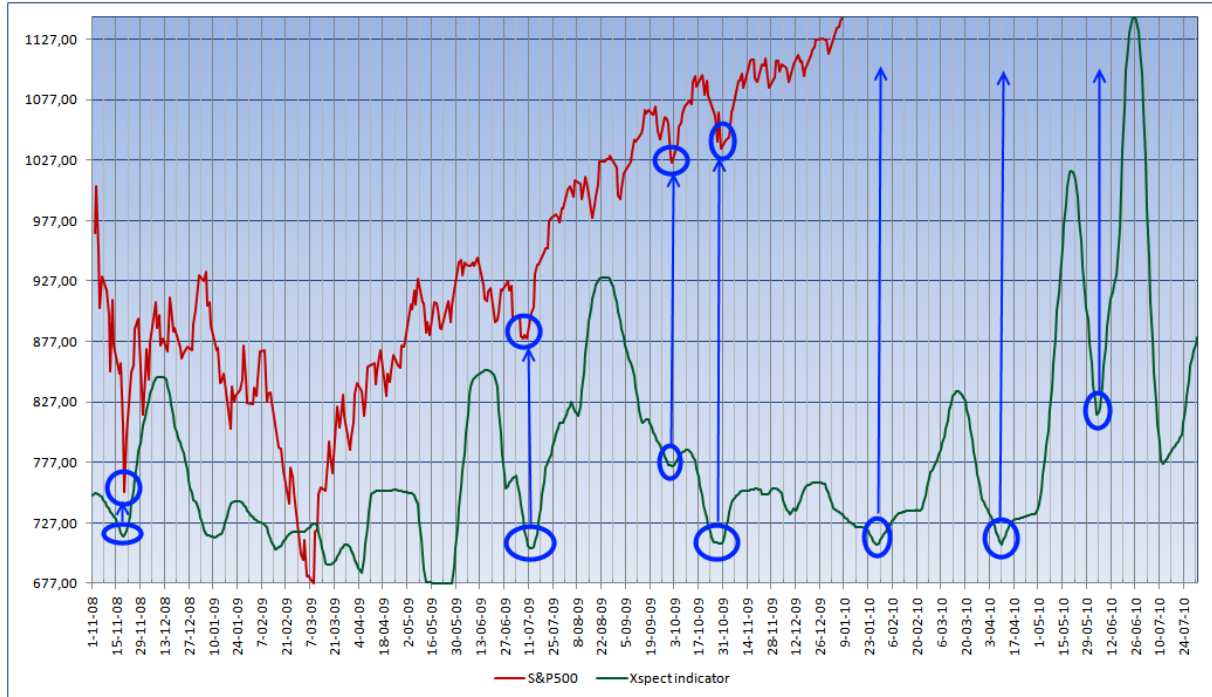
After a confirmation of the low we can set the **MLTD13/LTD6**. A small chance remains that the **MLTD15** ends up lower than the **MLTD13**, but we don't assume that. In that event, the **LTD6** will yet be moved. For the cycle up to the **MLTD14** and back down again this doesn't make much difference.

### Turning Points

Date
9-1 (high)
20-22/1
<b>1-3/2</b>
15-17/2
27/2 – 4/3

Note: These turning points are at times less reliable than those of the indices. Therefore we look more at the long-term trend, in combination with Delta. **(Bold is more important.)**

## Astro Analysis: XSpec indicator



The Xspect trend for the long term is upward, but between August 2009 and June 2010 it is downward in the direction of November–February, where we are drawn astrologically. In spite of this the exchange rate keeps going up, and that is a strong sign. After February the powers go up again in the direction of June 2010. Throughout, though, we see a number of lows we must take into account.

The most important points are 1-1 and 26-1; 1-1 was a low, but not a significant one. The next turning point is 13 January, which we mark as a low, and next the 26th.

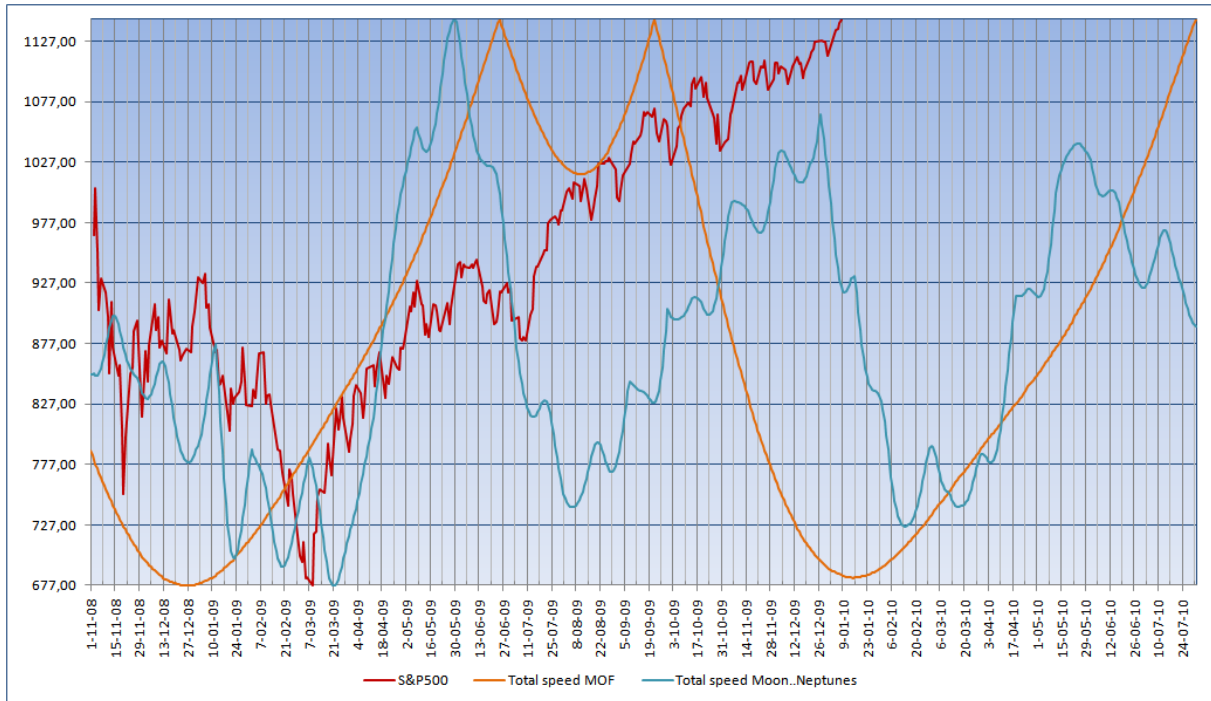
### Turning points

Date
1-1 (low)
13-1 (low)
26-1 (high)
7-2
20-2

The Xspect is an indicator of an astrologically moving average based on the aspects and movements of the planets. These are comparable to a Bradley graph, but I am convinced this one is much better. Unlike with Bradley, we can also look at the trend, but only long-term (years). The smaller wave movements show turning points; the specific dates appear in the chapter “Turning Points.”

Note: This indicator applies only to the indices, not to the commodities!

## Planets speed



Usually, around the turning point in the blue/orange line there is also a turning point in the exchange rate, especially in the orange speed line. I will shortly show some historical graphs again to demonstrate this. But what to think of the latest turning points?

The total mean speed of the moon through Neptune was highest on 27 December, and then decreased.

In the coming week we hit a low in the combined speeds of Jupiter to Pluto (orange line) on 15 January 2010.

At the moment I cannot relate this to Delta or to XSpect.


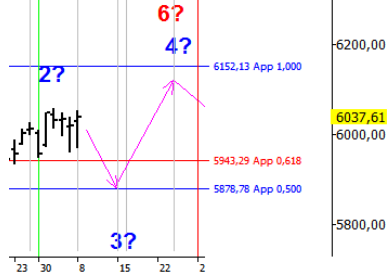

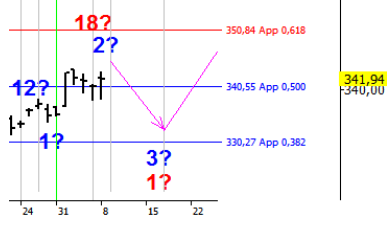
This graph shows the speed of specific planets. As soon as a planet, as seen from the earth, stops momentarily and begins to run retrograde, its speed is also shown in reverse in the graph. Therefore the highs are flipped over, as it were, revealing the moments at which a planet begins to run retrograde and reverse itself again. In addition, the 50% moment between retrograde and direct becomes visible as well. This can be seen in the orange line with the combined speed of Jupiter–Pluto.

At these moments—retrograde, direct, and the midpoint between—remarkable lows and highs sometimes occur, and they may be volatile points in time.

The blue line represents the combined speeds of the moon, the sun, and Mercury through Pluto.

Note: These moments apply to indices as well as to commodities.

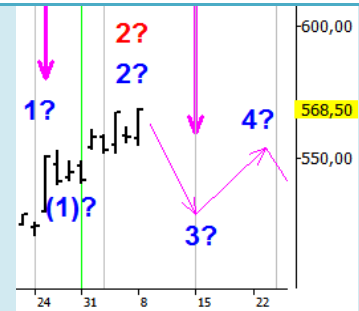
## Conclusion and trading advice

<p><b>Indices</b></p> <p>The high around 7–8 (8 or 11 January in the AEX) looks set. On Monday possibly an upward spurt, but the trend is down this week. The calculated low varies per index, with the S&amp;P500 in front around the 13th—also an astrological turnaround date—the DAX around the 16th, and the FTSE100/AEX at the beginning of the following week.</p> <p>After this low the trend is upward again in the direction of 26 January till the end of January (26 January is also an astrological turnaround date).</p>	
<p><b>S&amp;P500</b></p> <p><b>Goal: Up toward the MTD7 by the beginning of February</b></p> <p><b>This week: Down to the ITD11 around 13 January. Possibly later, since the other indices bottom out later.</b></p>	
<p><b>DAX</b></p> <p><b>Goal: Upward toward the MTD6 around 26 January.</b></p> <p><b>This week: Down toward the ITD3 around 16 January.</b></p>	
<p><b>FTSE100</b></p> <p><b>Goal: Upward toward the MTD6 around 20 February.</b></p> <p><b>This week: Down toward the ITD1 around 20 January.</b></p>	
<p><b>AEX</b></p> <p><b>Goal: Up toward the MTD2 around 31 January.</b></p> <p><b>This week: Down toward the ITD3 around 19 January.</b></p>	

### Wheat

**Goal:** Down toward the **MTD3** around 5 February.

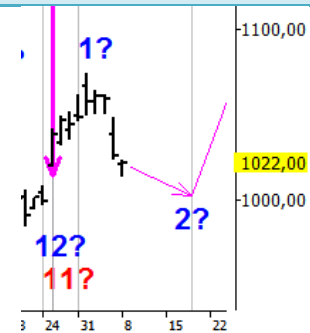
**This week:** If we keep rising on Monday and Tuesday, upward toward 15 January. If we go lower on Monday/Tuesday and the high appears set, down toward 15 January.



### Soybeans

**Goal:** Down toward the **MTD13** about the end of February.

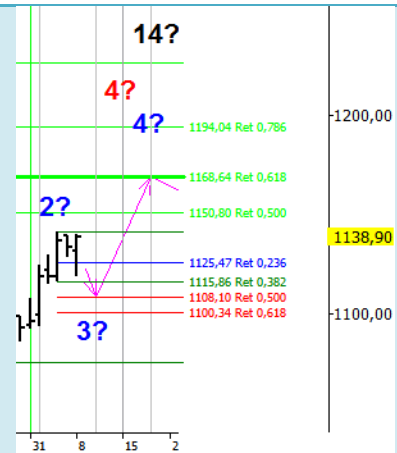
**This week:** A bit lower toward 20 January, but possibly a earlier low before the 20th and then up toward the 20th. The latter signifies an inversion in the ITD cycle. Better avoid soybeans till 20 January.



### Gold

**Goal:** Up toward the **MTD4** around 18-20 January.

**This week:** Down to the **ITD3** around 12 January. Then up toward the **ITD4** around 18-20 January.





## Appendix

### Delta

The Delta analysis in this report is based on the Delta analysis of Wellis Wilder & Jim Slogon. Actually, this analysis is based on astrology, and reflects a calculated average of astrological cycles. Like WD Gann, we first look at the long-term cycles, and then at the smaller cycles, or “wheels within wheels.”

*In every law of nature there is a major and a minor; a positive, a negative, and a neutral. Therefore, in cycles there must be a lesser, a greater, and an intermediate cycle, or cycles within cycles.*

*Like Ezekiel says: “Wheel within a wheel.”*

THE TUNNEL THRU THE AIR, WD GANN

### Colors used

The following colors were used per time frame.

Intermediate-Term Delta	= ITD	= blue
Medium-Term Delta	= MTD	= red
Medium-Long-Term Delta	= MLTD	= black
Long-Term Delta	= LTD	= purple
Super-Long-Term Delta	= SLTD	= green

### Question marks after numbers

A question mark after a number indicates that the placement of that moment is not yet definite. We proceed on that assumption, of course, but an adjustment may follow. This occurs especially with inversions, where the calculation of a certain time frame at times goes through a period of uncertainty. When this happens, an extra end number and/or a 1 may be inserted. The greater the cycle or time frame, the greater the Delta, and therefore the chance that number will be moved. Trading in a period of inversion is usually not to be recommended until we have placed number 2.

### Why the S&P, FTSE, DAX and AEX

The S&P500 is analyzed because it involves a broad index, which suits Delta very well. The Dow Jones for instance, with only 30 shares, is less suitable for a Delta analysis, which will be a little less reliable. The AEX, also with only +/- 30 shares, also has this slightly disadvantageous effect, but of course, our own index as well as the German DAX should be included. To support the DAX/AEX (read *European*) Delta analysis I have included the English FTSE100 (with a mix of 102 shares).

### Why wheat and soybeans

Wheat is a grain, and an absolutely vital commodity, according to archaeologists probably the first product cultivated and traded by man. Wheat is the second most produced agricultural product in the world on the basis of volume, behind corn and before rice.

Soybeans are legumes, which serve as the raw material for many soy products. Most soybeans are converted to soybean oil. Soybean oil is the most-consumed vegetable oil worldwide.



According to WD Gann, speculation in commodities is more profitable than speculation in shares/indices, because you trade something that is essential to life. Commodities follow the laws of supply and demand, and usually follow seasonal trends. That is the reason why these very important commodities are included in this report. I also always look at—and take into account—seasonal trends as shown by my own research and that of WD Gann.

Large profits in the grain market are made by following the main trend, and avoiding changing position or taking the profit until the market indicates that trends are changing. We are going to apply WD Gann's rules, in combination with Delta.

Wheat and soybean trade is based on future contracts. The Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT, [www.cbot.com](http://www.cbot.com)), as the best-known exchange, offers these contracts, but they can also be traded very well via a turbo. When American markets are open, you can find clear graphs on [www.cbot.com](http://www.cbot.com), shown with a short delay.

Note: The existing turbos go along with the prices in this report nearly 1 to 1. I use the following rule: I take the price of the first running contract month, and 21 days before it ends I roll it over to the next higher contract month (RBS/ABN does this also, and takes at least 10 days for this). WD worked the same way. This will probably always lead to a (small) rise in the exchange rates at the moment of rollover. The price of a turbo will not be influenced, but the level of financing will be adapted to the price difference between the two turbos, and the stoploss can be adjusted.

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